CLERK'S OFFICE U.S. DIST. COURT AT ABINGDON, VA FILED

NOV - 1 2021

## JULIA C. DUDLEY, CLERK

IN THE	UNITED ST	ATES DIST	RICT C	OURT
FOR THE	WESTERN	DISTRICT	OF VIR	GINIA

MELINDA SCOTT	Γ, )		
	)		
PLAINTIFF.	)		
	)		
V.	)		CL NO. 2:20cv14
	)		
WISE CO. DSS,	)		
ET AL.,	)		
	)		
DEFENDANTS.	)		

## REPLY TO DEFENDANT'S OBJECTIONS

COMES NOW, the Plaintiff, Melinda Scott, and states as follows:

- The Plaintiff's "Supplemental Exhibits" are permitted by Rule 15(a)(1)(A), which
  needs no permission of the court to be filed.
- The Plaintiff's "Supplemental Exhibits" are permitted by Rule 11(c)(3). Plaintiff
  made a prior request for the court to act *sua sponte* under Rule 11(c)(3) in Plaintiff's
  Motion for Sanctions (docket #96, bullet 11).
- 3. Defendant's claim that the Plaintiff's "Supplemental Exhibits" are a "brief" is unfounded as a matter of law, and unfounded otherwise, and his objections were filed with the improper motive of suppressing evidence that he lied by *omission* of details regarding the Buchanan County case, lied about other new matters brought up in the "Supplemental Exhibits", *and* that his client lied while signing under "penalty of perjury".

REPLY TO DEFENDANT'S OBJECTIONS 10.29.21 PAGE 1 of 4

- 4. As typical of Counsel Hardin, his "objections" filed fail to state any case law which support his legal conclusion that an order can be enforced without the *due process* of law. It is Counsel Hardin that has no respect for the law, as his many motions and pleadings are replete with legal conclusions unsupported by case law or statutory laws. On the other hand, Plaintiff has fully cited the *legal* reasons the initial order in the Buchanan County General District Court cannot be enforced (docket #101, ¶d). "A void judgment is a legal nullity. See Black's Law Dictionary 1822 (3d ed.1933)... it suffices to say that a void judgment is one so affected by a fundamental infirmity that the infirmity may be raised even after the judgment becomes final. See Restatement (Second) of Judgments 22 (1980)" (*United Student Aid Funds, Inc. v. Espinosa, 559 US 260 Supreme Court 2010*). The infirmity with the Buch. Co. GDC order was the lack of *due process* when the Plaintiff was improperly denied her statutory rights under Va Code §16.1–107(B).
- 5. The Plaintiff has adequately shown that the Buchanan County General District Court shows no outstanding judgments (docket #101, exhibit A). When the clerks and judges became aware of their error in denying the Plaintiff her statutory rights under Va Code §16.1-107(B), through being served the Va Court of Appeals filings of the Plaintiff, they changed course.
- 6. The Plaintiff does not need to further hash out any details of the Buchanan County case because she has already presented it in her motions, pleadings, and exhibits before this court (docket #89, docket #101).
- 7. The Plaintiff showed the opposite of contempt for the Buch. Co. GDC, because she spared the judges and clerks from being named specifically in appeals pleadings

REPLY TO DEFENDANT'S OBJECTIONS 10.29.21 PAGE 2 of 4 and spared them from being reported to the Department of Justice for "color of law". It's absolutely illegal to deny someone their statutory rights, and instead, Plaintiff elected to use simple communication with the staff of Buch. Co. GDC instead of escalating the situation into something more serious.

SIGNED RESPECTFULLY,

Melinda Scott, pro-sé

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## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I have mailed a copy of this REPLY TO OBJECTIONS to Counsel for the Defendant, Matthew D. Hardin, VSB #87482, 1725 I Street NW, Suite 300, Washington, D.C., 20006, and at matthewdhardin@gmail.com on this \_\_29th\_\_\_\_ day of OCT., 2021.

SIGNED,

Melinda Scott, pro-se

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